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Colorectal Cancer Patients Observed with Ulcerative Colitis

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Introduction

In this article we discuss about the risk factors that are observed when a patient with colorectal cancer is observed with ulcerative colitis, colon cancer normally begins when cells have some change in the lining of colon and rectum parts and they grow abnormally forming a large mass called malignancy.

Ulcerative colitis is a type of inflammatory bowls disease which causes inflammation in ulcers present in our digestive tract it mostly affects the colon due to its inner most lining and also rectum due to the unconditional changes we cannot notice the symptoms very early.

Symptoms

The symptoms can be observed depending on swelling severity some of them are:

- Dysentery
- Intestinal pain and cramps
- Internal bleeding from rectum
- Weight reduction
- Increase in body temperature
- Drowsiness

These Ulcerative are Arranged into Different types Depending on the Site they Occur

Proctitis ulcerative: During this type rectal bleeding can be observed and swelling May be seen in the areas near to rectum and anus.

Proctosigmoiditis

During this type swelling occurs at the end of the colon and rectum parts changes include intestinal pain blood in rectum, suffering due to pain and cramps can be observed.

Left sided colitis

During this type swelling may increase from rectum to descending colon and sigmoid colon changes include intestinal pain blood in rectum, suffering due to pain and cramps can be and inflammation and irritation in rectum repeated urge can be observed.

Pancolitis

During this type this will totally affect the colon and increases blood in rectum, suffering due to pain and cramps reduction of weight, drowsiness will be observed.

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Ulcerative colitis may not cause death but we should immediately consult doctor if you notice some symptoms if not it may cause risks and left untreated can be dangerous.

Hazard Factors

Some age, race and family history related factors leads to risk

Coming to age it usually starts early that is before 30

Coming to racism mostly noticed in whites but can occur in any type of races

Coming top family persons if we see in our close family people like children, parents and siblings etc.

Conclusion

The Similarity between IBD and the risk for CRC is well knowingly accepted and the risk of IBD and CRC vary depending on severity and diagnosis but mostly the risk of having ulcerative colitis is 2% after 10 years and 8% for 200 years and 18% for 30 years.

Conflict of Interest

The author declares there is no conflict arises.

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